

Answers To the Odd-Numbered Problems

Section 1.1

1. $1 + 2i$

3. $-2/5$

5. $2 + 2i\sqrt{3}$

7. $4e^{\pi i}$

9. $5\sqrt{2}e^{3\pi i/4}$

11. $2e^{2\pi i/3}$

Section 1.2

1.

$$\pm\sqrt{2}, \quad \pm\sqrt{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} \right], \quad \pm\sqrt{2} \left[-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2} \right]$$

3.

$$i, \quad -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, \quad z_2 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{i}{2}$$

5.

$$w_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[-\sqrt{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} + a} + i\sqrt{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} + a} \right], \quad w_2 = -w_1.$$

$$7. z_{1,2} = \pm(1 + i); z_{3,4} = \pm 2(1 - i)$$

Section 1.3

$$1. u = 2 - y, v = x$$

$$3. u = x^3 - 3xy^2, v = 3x^2y - y^3$$

$$5. f'(z) = 3z(1 + z^2)^{1/2}$$

$$7. f'(z) = 2(1 + 4i)z - 3$$

$$9. f'(z) = -3i(iz - 1)^{-4}$$

$$11. 1/6$$

$$13. v(x, y) = 2xy + \text{constant}$$

$$15. v(x, y) = x \sin(x)e^{-y} + ye^{-y} \cos(x) + \text{constant.}$$

Section 1.4

$$1. 0$$

$$3. 2i$$

$$5. 14/15 - i/3$$

Section 1.5

$$1. (e^{-2} - e^{-4})/2$$

$$3. \pi/2$$

Section 1.6

$$1. \pi i/32$$

$$3. \pi i/2$$

$$5. -2\pi i$$

$$7. 2\pi i$$

$$9. -6\pi$$

Section 1.7

1.

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1)z^n.$$

3.

$$f(z) = z^{10} - z^9 + \frac{z^8}{2} - \frac{z^7}{6} + \cdots - \frac{1}{11!z} + \cdots$$

We have an essential singularity and the residue equals $-1/11!$

5.

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{z^2}{4!} + \frac{z^4}{6!} + \cdots$$

We have a removable singularity where the value of the residue equals zero.

7.

$$f(z) = -\frac{2}{z} - 2 - \frac{7z}{6} - \frac{z^2}{2} - \dots$$

We have a simple pole and the residue equals -2 .

9.

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{z-2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{z-2}{8} - \dots$$

We have a simple pole and the residue equals $1/2$.

Section 1.81. $-3\pi i/4$ 3. $-2\pi i$.5. $2\pi i$ 7. $2\pi i$ **Section 2.1**

1.

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin[(2m-1)t]}{2m-1}$$

3.

$$f(t) = -\frac{\pi}{4} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n - 1}{n^2\pi} \cos(nt) + \frac{1 - 2(-1)^n}{n} \sin(nt)$$

5.

$$f(t) = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2m-1)\pi t]}{(2m-1)^2}$$

7.

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \sin(t) - \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(2mt)}{4m^2 - 1}$$

9.

$$f(t) = -\frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m}{(2m-1)^2} \sin[(2m-1)\pi t]$$

11.

$$f(t) = \frac{a}{2} - \frac{4a}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2m-1)^2} \cos\left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi t}{a}\right] - \frac{2a}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi t}{a}\right)$$

13.

$$f(t) = \frac{L}{2\pi} \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{L}\right) - \frac{2L}{\pi} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n}{n^2 - 1} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi t}{L}\right)$$

15.

$$f(t) = \frac{4a \cosh(a\pi/2)}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2m-1)t]}{a^2 + (2m-1)^2}$$

Section 2.3

1.

$$f(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2m-1)x]}{(2m-1)^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} \sin(nx)}{n}$$

3.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[2(2m-1)\pi x]}{(2m-1)^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{m+1} \sin[(2m-1)\pi x]}{(2m-1)^2}$$

5.

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{8}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \cos^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{(2m-1)^2} \sin\left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi x}{2}\right] - \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right)$$

7.

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m}{2m-1} \cos\left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi x}{a}\right]$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 + \cos(n\pi/2) - 2(-1)^n}{n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$$

9.

$$f(x) = \frac{3a}{8} + \frac{2a}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\pi/2) - 1}{n^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{a}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{2}{n^2\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \right] \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$$

11.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m}{m} \sin\left(\frac{m\pi}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{2m\pi x}{a}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{2m-1} \sin\left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi}{4}\right] \sin\left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi x}{a}\right]$$

13.

$$f(x) = \frac{e^{ak} - 1}{ak} + 2ka \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n e^{ka} - 1}{k^2 a^2 + n^2 \pi^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$$

$$f(x) = -2\pi \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n[(-1)^n e^{ka} - 1]}{k^2 a^2 + n^2 \pi^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$$

Section 2.4

1.

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin[(2n-1)t]}{2n-1}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)t - \pi/2]}{2n-1}$$

3.

$$f(t) = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \cos\left[nt + (-1)^n \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$$

$$f(t) = 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin\left\{nt + [1 + (-1)^n] \frac{\pi}{2}\right\}$$

Section 2.5

1.

$$f(t) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{i(2m-1)t}}{(2m-1)^2}$$

3.

$$f(t) = 1 + \frac{i}{\pi} \sum_{\substack{n=-\infty \\ n \neq 0}}^{\infty} \frac{e^{n\pi it}}{n}$$

5.

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{\pi} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{2(2m-1)it}}{2m-1}$$

Section 2.6

1.

$$y(t) = A \cosh(t) + B \sinh(t) - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin[(2n-1)t]}{(2n-1) + (2n-1)^3}$$

3.

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) = & Ae^{2t} + Be^t + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{6}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)t]}{[2 - (2n-1)^2]^2 + 9(2n-1)^2} \\ & + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{[2 - (2n-1)^2] \sin[(2n-1)t]}{(2n-1)\{[2 - (2n-1)^2]^2 + 9(2n-1)^2\}} \end{aligned}$$

5.

$$y_p(t) = \frac{\pi}{8} - \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{i(2n-1)t}}{(2n-1)^2[4 - (2n-1)^2]}$$

7.

$$q(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\omega^2 \varphi_n}{(in\omega_0)^2 + 2i\alpha n\omega_0 + \omega^2} e^{in\omega_0 t}$$

Section 2.7

1. $x(t) = \frac{3}{2} - \cos(\pi x/2) - \sin(\pi x/2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\pi x)$

Section 3.3

1. $\pi e^{-|\omega/a|/|a|}$

Section 3.4

1. $-t/(1+t^2)^2$

3. $f(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-t}H(t) + \frac{1}{2}e^tH(-t)$

5. $f(t) = e^{-t}H(t) - e^{-t/2}H(t) + \frac{1}{2}te^{-t/2}H(t)$

7.

$$f(t) = \frac{i}{2} \operatorname{sgn}(t)e^{-a|t|}, \quad \text{where } \operatorname{sgn}(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & t > 0 \\ -1, & t < 0. \end{cases}$$

9.

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{4a}(1 - a|t|)e^{-a|t|}$$

11.

$$f(t) = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n+1)!} t^{2n+1} e^{-at} H(t)$$

13.

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} e^{2t}, & t > 0 \\ e^{-t}, & t < 0. \end{cases}$$

Section 3.6

1.

$$y(t) = [(t-1)e^{-t} + e^{-2t}]H(t)$$

3.

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{9}e^{-t}, & t > 0 \\ \frac{1}{9}e^{2t} - \frac{1}{3}te^{2t}, & t < 0. \end{cases}$$

Section 4.1

1. $F(s) = s/(s^2 - a^2)$

3. $F(s) = 1/s + 2/s^2 + 2/s^3$

5. $F(s) = [1 - e^{-2(s-1)}]/(s-1)$

7. $F(s) = 2/(s^2 + 1) - s/(s^2 + 4) + \cos(3)/s - 1/s^2$

9. $f(t) = e^{-3t}$

11. $f(t) = \frac{1}{3} \sin(3t)$

13. $f(t) = 2 \sin(t) - \frac{15}{2}t^2 + 2e^{-t} - 6 \cos(2t)$

15. $sF(s) - f(0) = as/(s^2 + a^2) - 0 = \mathcal{L}[f'(t)]$

17. $F(s) = 1/(2s) - sT^2/[2(s^2T^2 + \pi^2)]$

Section 4.2

1. $f(t) = (t - 2)H(t - 2) - (t - 2)H(t - 3)$

3. $y'' + 3y' + 2y = H(t - 1)$

5. $y'' + 4y' + 4y = tH(t - 2)$

7. $y'' - 3y' + 2y = e^{-t}H(t - 2)$

9. $y'' + y = \sin(t)[1 - H(t - \pi)]$

Section 4.3

1. $F(s) = 2/(s^2 + 2s + 5)$

3. $F(s) = 1/(s - 1)^2 + 3/(s^2 - 2s + 10) + (s - 2)/(s^2 - 4s + 29)$

5. $F(s) = 2/(s + 1)^3 + 2/(s^2 - 2s + 5) + (s + 3)/(s^2 + 6s + 18)$

7. $F(s) = e^6 e^{-3s}/(s - 2)$

9. $F(s) = 2e^{-s}/s^3 + 2e^{-s}/s^2 + 3e^{-s}/s + e^{-2s}/s$

11. $F(s) = (1 + e^{-s\pi})/(s^2 + 1)$

13. $F(s) = 4(s + 3)/(s^2 + 6s + 13)^2$

15. $f(t) = \frac{1}{2}t^2 e^{-2t} - \frac{1}{3}t^3 e^{-2t}$

17. $f(t) = e^{-t} \cos(t) + 2e^{-t} \sin(t)$

19. $f(t) = e^{-2t} - 2te^{-2t} + \cos(t)e^{-t} + \sin(t)e^{-t}$

21. $f(t) = e^{t-3}H(t - 3)$

23. $f(t) = e^{-(t-1)}[\cos(t - 1) - \sin(t - 1)]H(t - 1)$

25. $f(t) = \cos[2(t - 1)]H(t - 1) + \frac{1}{6}(t - 3)^3 e^{2(t-3)}H(t - 3)$

27. $f(t) = \{\cos[2(t - 1)] + \frac{1}{2}\sin[2(t - 1)]\}H(t - 1) + \frac{1}{6}(t - 3)^3 H(t - 3)$

29. $f(t) = t[H(t) - H(t - a)]; F(s) = 1/s^2 - e^{-as}/s^2 - ae^{-as}/s$

31. $F(s) = 1/s^2 - e^{-s}/s^2 - e^{-2s}/s$

33. $F(s) = e^{-s}/s^2 - e^{-2s}/s^2 - e^{-3s}/s$

35. $Y(s) = s/(s^2 + 4) + 3e^{-4s}/[s(s^2 + 4)]$

37. $Y(s) = e^{-(s-1)}/[(s-1)(s+1)(s+2)]$

39. $Y(s) = 5s/[(s-1)(s-2)] + e^{-s}/[s^3(s-1)(s-2)]$
 $+ 2e^{-s}/[s^2(s-1)(s-2)] + e^{-s}/[s(s-1)(s-2)]$

41. $Y(s) = 1/[s^2(s+2)(s+1)] + ae^{-as}/[(s+1)^2(s+2)]$
 $- e^{-as}/[s^2(s+1)(s+2)] - e^{-as}/[s(s+1)(s+2)]$

43. $\lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} s^2/(s^2 + a^2) = 1 = f(0)$.

45. $\lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} 3s/(s^2 - 2s + 10) = 0 = f(0)$.

47. Yes

49. No

51. No

Section 4.4

1. $F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} \coth\left(\frac{s\pi}{2}\right)$

3. $F(s) = \frac{1 - (1 + as)e^{-as}}{s^2(1 - e^{-2as})}$

Section 4.5

1. $f(t) = e^{-t} - e^{-2t}$

3. $f(t) = \frac{5}{4}e^{-t} - \frac{6}{5}e^{-2t} - \frac{1}{20}e^{3t}$

5. $f(t) = e^{-2t} \cos\left(t + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$

7. $f(t) = 2.3584 \cos(4t + 0.5586)$

9. $f(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos\left(2t + \frac{5\pi}{4}\right)$

Section 4.6

1.

$$\mathcal{L}(t) = \frac{1}{s^2} = \mathcal{L}(1)\mathcal{L}(1)$$

3.

$$\mathcal{L}(e^t - 1) = \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{s} = \frac{1}{s(s-1)} = \mathcal{L}(1)\mathcal{L}(e^t)$$

5.

$$\mathcal{L}[t - \sin(t)] = \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} = \frac{1}{s^2(s^2 + 1)} = \mathcal{L}(t)\mathcal{L}[\sin(t)]$$

7.

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{t^2}{a} - \frac{2}{a^3}[1 - \cos(at)]\right\} = \frac{2}{s^3} \left(\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}\right) = \mathcal{L}(t^2)\mathcal{L}[\sin(at)]$$

9.

$$H(t-b) * H(t-a) = \int_a^t H(t-b-x) dx = - \int_{t-b-a}^{-b} H(\eta) d\eta,$$

if $t > a$ and $\eta = t - b - x$.

11.

$$f(t) = e^t - t - 1$$

13. Assuming that $a, b > 0$,

$$\int_0^t \delta(t-x-a)\delta(x-b) dx = \delta(t-b-a)$$

Section 4.7

1. $f(t) = 1 + 2t$

3. $f(t) = t + \frac{1}{2}t^2$

5. $f(t) = t^3 + \frac{1}{20}t^5$

7. $f(t) = t^2 - \frac{1}{3}t^4$

9. $f(t) = 5e^{2t} - 4e^t - 2te^t$

11. $f(t) = (1-t)^2e^{-t}$

13. $f(t) = 4 + \frac{5}{2}t^2 + \frac{1}{24}t^4$

15. $x(t) = 2A\sqrt{t}/(\pi C) - Bt/(2C)$

17.

$$f(t) = \frac{\alpha}{\beta^2} \left(e^{\beta^2 t} - 1 + \frac{2\beta\sqrt{t}}{\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2e^{\beta^2 t}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\beta\sqrt{t}} e^{-u^2} du \right)$$

Section 4.8

1. $y(t) = \frac{5}{4}e^{2t} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}t$

3. $y(t) = e^{3t} - e^{2t}$

5. $y(t) = -\frac{3}{4}e^{-3t} + \frac{7}{4}e^{-t} + \frac{1}{2}te^{-t}$

7. $y(t) = \frac{3}{4}e^{-t} + \frac{1}{8}e^t - \frac{7}{8}e^{-3t}$

9. $y(t) = (t-1)H(t-1)$

11. $y(t) = e^{2t} - e^t + \left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}e^{2(t-1)} - e^{t-1}\right]H(t-1)$

$$13. y(t) = [1 - e^{-2(t-2)} - 2(t-2)e^{-2(t-2)}] H(t-2)$$

$$15. y(t) = [\frac{1}{3}e^{2(t-2)} - \frac{1}{2}e^{t-2} + \frac{1}{6}e^{-(t-2)}] H(t-2)$$

$$17. y(t) = 1 - \cos(t) - [1 - \cos(t-T)] H(t-T)$$

19.

$$y(t) = e^{-t} - \frac{1}{4}e^{-2t} - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}t \\ - [e^{-(t-a)} - \frac{1}{4}e^{-2(t-a)} - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}(t-a)] H(t-a) \\ + a[\frac{1}{2}e^{-2(t-a)} + (t-a)e^{-(t-a)} - \frac{1}{2}] H(t-a).$$

$$21. y(t) = te^t + 3(t-2)e^{t-2}H(t-2)$$

$$23. y(t) = 3[e^{-2(t-2)} - e^{-3(t-2)}] H(t-2) \\ + 4[e^{-3(t-5)} - e^{-2(t-5)}] H(t-5)$$

$$25. x(t) = 2e^{t/2} - 2 - t; y(t) = e^{t/2} - 1 - t$$

$$27. x(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-t} + \frac{3}{2}e^{-3t}; y(t) = e^{-t} - 1$$

Section 4.9

$$1. G(s) = 1/(s+k)$$

$$g(t) = e^{-kt}$$

$$a(t) = (1 - e^{-kt})/k$$

$$3. G(s) = 1/(s^2 + 4s + 3)$$

$$g(t) = \frac{1}{2}(e^{-t} - e^{-3t})$$

$$a(t) = \frac{1}{6}e^{-3t} - \frac{1}{2}e^{-t} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$5. G(s) = 1/[(s-2)(s-1)]$$

$$g(t) = e^{2t} - e^t$$

$$a(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}e^{2t} - e^t$$

$$7. G(s) = 1/(s^2 - 9)$$

$$g(t) = \frac{1}{6}(e^{3t} - e^{-3t})$$

$$a(t) = \frac{1}{18}(e^{3t} + e^{-3t} - 2)$$

$$9. G(s) = 1/[s(s-1)]$$

$$g(t) = e^t - 1$$

$$a(t) = e^t - t - 1$$

Section 4.10

1. $f(t) = (2 - t)e^{-2t} - 2e^{-3t}$

3. $f(t) = \left(\frac{1}{4}t^2 - \frac{1}{4}t + \frac{1}{8}\right) e^{2t} - \frac{1}{8}$

5. $f(t) = \left[\frac{1}{2}(t - 1) - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}e^{-2(t-1)}\right] H(t - 1)$

7.

$$f(t) = \frac{e^{-bt}}{\cosh(ab)} - 8ab \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\sin[(2n-1)\pi t/(2a)]}{4a^2b^2 + (2n-1)^2\pi^2} \\ + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{(2n-1)\pi \cos[(2n-1)\pi t/(2a)]}{4a^2b^2 + (2n-1)^2\pi^2}.$$

Section 5.1

1. $F(z) = 2z/(2z - 1)$ if $|z| > 1/2$.

3. $F(z) = (z^6 - 1)/(z^6 - z^5)$ if $|z| > 0$.

5. $F(z) = (a^2 + a - z)/[z(z - a)]$ if $|z| > a$.

Section 5.2

1. $F(z) = zTe^{aT}/(ze^{aT} - 1)^2$ 3. $F(z) = z(z + a)/(z - a)^3$

5. $F(z) = [z - \cos(1)]/\{z[z^2 - 2z \cos(1) + 1]\}$

7. $F(z) = z[z \sin(\theta) + \sin(\omega_0 T - \theta)]/[z^2 - 2z \cos(\omega_0 T) + 1]$

9. $F(z) = z/(z + 1)$ 11. $f_n * g_n = n + 1$ 13. $f_n * g_n = 2^n/n!$

Section 5.3

1. $f_0 = 0.007143, f_1 = 0.08503, f_2 = 0.1626, f_3 = 0.2328$

3. $f_0 = 0.09836, f_1 = 0.3345, f_2 = 0.6099, f_3 = 0.7935$

5. $f_n = 8 - 8\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 6n\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$ 7. $f_n = (1 - \alpha^{n+1})/(1 - \alpha)$

9. $f_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-10} H_{n-10} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-11} H_{n-11}$

11. $f_n = \frac{1}{9}(6n - 4)(-1)^n + \frac{4}{9}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$ 13. $f_n = a^n/(n!)$

Section 5.4

1. $y_n = 1 + \frac{1}{6}n(n-1)(2n-1)$ 3. $y_n = \frac{1}{2}n(n-1)$
 5. $y_n = \frac{1}{6}[5^n - (-1)^n]$ 7. $y_n = (2n-1)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$
 9. $y_n = 2^n - n - 1$. 11. $x_n = 2 + (-1)^n; y_n = 1 + (-1)^n$
 13. $x_n = 1 - 2(-6)^n; y_n = -7(-6)^n$

Section 5.5

1. marginally stable 3. unstable

Section 6.1

1. $\lambda_n = (2n-1)^2\pi^2/(4L^2)$ with $y_n(x) = \cos[(2n-1)\pi x/(2L)]$
 3. $\lambda_0 = -1, y_0(x) = e^{-x}$ and $\lambda_n = n^2, y_n(x) = \sin(nx) - n \cos(nx)$
 5. $\lambda_n = -n^4\pi^4/L^4, y_n(x) = \sin(n\pi x/L)$
 7. $\lambda_n = k_n^2, y_n(x) = \sin(k_n x)$ with $k_n = -\tan(k_n)$
 9. $\lambda_0 = -m_0^2, y_0(x) = \sinh(m_0 x) - m_0 \cosh(m_0 x)$ with $\coth(m_0\pi) = m_0$
 and $\lambda_n = k_n^2, y_n(x) = \sin(k_n x) - k_n \cos(k_n x)$ with $k_n = -\cot(k_n\pi)$
 11.
 (a) $\lambda_n = n^2\pi^2, y_n(x) = \sin[n\pi \ln(x)]$
 (b) $\lambda_n = (2n-1)^2\pi^2/4, y_n(x) = \sin[(2n-1)\pi \ln(x)/2]$
 (c) $\lambda_0 = 0, y_0(x) = 1; \lambda_n = n^2\pi^2, y_n(x) = \cos[n\pi \ln(x)]$
 13. $\lambda_n = n^2 + 1, y_n(x) = x^{-1} \sin[n \ln(x)]$

Section 6.3

1.

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right)$$

3.

$$f(x) = \frac{8L}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2} \sin\left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{2L}\right]$$

Section 6.4

1.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}P_0(x) + \frac{1}{2}P_1(x) + \frac{5}{16}P_2(x) + \dots$$

3.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}P_0(x) + \frac{5}{8}P_2(x) - \frac{3}{16}P_4(x) + \dots$$

5.

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2}P_1(x) - \frac{7}{8}P_3(x) + \frac{11}{16}P_5(x) + \dots$$

Section 7.3

1.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{4L}{c\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2m-1)^2} \sin \left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi x}{L} \right] \sin \left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi ct}{L} \right]$$

3.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{9h}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \sin \left(\frac{2n\pi}{3} \right) \sin \left(\frac{n\pi x}{L} \right) \cos \left(\frac{n\pi ct}{L} \right)$$

5.

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, t) = & \sin \left(\frac{\pi x}{L} \right) \sin \left(\frac{\pi ct}{L} \right) \\ & + \frac{4aL}{\pi^2 c} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2} \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{4} \right] \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{L} \right] \\ & \quad \times \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi ct}{L} \right] \end{aligned}$$

7.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{4L}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2} \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{L} \right] \cos \left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi ct}{L} \right]$$

9.

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, t) = & \frac{8L}{\pi^2} e^{-ht} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2} \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{2L} \right] \left\{ \cos \left[t\sqrt{\lambda_n c^2 - h^2} \right] \right. \\ & \left. + h \sin \left[t\sqrt{\lambda_n c^2 - h^2} \right] / \sqrt{\lambda_n c^2 - h^2} \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

where $\lambda_n = (2n - 1)^2 \pi^2 / 4L^2$.

Section 7.4

1.

$$u(x, t) = \sin(2x) \cos(2ct) + \cos(x) \sin(ct)/c$$

3.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1 + x^2 + c^2 t^2}{(1 + x^2 + c^2 t^2)^2 + 4x^2 c^2 t^2} + \frac{e^x \sinh(ct)}{c}$$

5.

$$u(x, t) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi ct}{2}\right) + \frac{\sinh(ax) \sinh(act)}{ac}$$

Section 7.5

1.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin[(2m-1)\pi x] \sin[(2m-1)\pi t]}{(2m-1)^2}$$

3.

$$u(x, t) = \sin(\pi x) \cos(\pi t) - \sin(\pi x) \sin(\pi t)/\pi$$

5.

$$u(x, t) = xt - te^{-x} + \sinh(t)e^{-x} + \left[1 - e^{-(t-x)} + t - x - \sinh(t-x)\right] H(t-x)$$

7.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{gx}{\omega^2} - \frac{2g\omega^2}{L} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\lambda_n x) \cos(\lambda_n t)}{\lambda_n^2 (\omega^4 + \omega^2/L + \lambda_n^2) \sin(\lambda_n L)},$$

where λ_n is the n th root of $\lambda = \omega^2 \cot(\lambda L)$.

9.

$$u(x, t) = E - \frac{4E}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin\left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{2\ell}\right] \cos\left[\frac{(2n-1)c\pi t}{2\ell}\right]$$

or

$$u(x, t) = E \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n H \left(t - \frac{x + 2n\ell}{c} \right) \\ + E \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n H \left\{ t - \frac{[(2n+2)\ell - x]}{c} \right\}$$

11.

$$p(x, t) = p_0 - \frac{4\rho u_0 c}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n-1} \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{2L} \right] \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)c\pi t}{2L} \right]$$

13.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{gt^2}{2} - \frac{gL^2}{6c^2} - \frac{2gL^2}{c^2\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cos \left(\frac{n\pi x}{L} \right) \cos \left(\frac{n\pi ct}{L} \right)$$

Section 8.3

1.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{4A}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin[(2m-1)x]}{2m-1} e^{-a^2(2m-1)^2 t}$$

3.

$$u(x, t) = -2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \sin(nx) e^{-a^2 n^2 t}$$

5.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{(2m-1)^2} \sin[(2m-1)x] e^{-a^2(2m-1)^2 t}$$

7.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2m-1)x]}{(2m-1)^2} e^{-a^2(2m-1)^2 t}$$

9.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos[(2n-1)x]}{(2n-1)^2} e^{-a^2(2n-1)^2 t}$$

11.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{32}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n-1)^3} \cos \left[\frac{(2n-1)x}{2} \right] e^{-a^2(2n-1)^2 t/4}$$

13.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin[(2n-1)x/2]}{2n-1} e^{-a^2(2n-1)^2 t/4}$$

15.

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{4}{2n-1} - \frac{8(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^2 \pi} \right] \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)x}{2} \right] e^{-a^2(2n-1)^2 t/4}$$

17.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{T_0 x}{\pi} + \frac{2T_0}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin(nx) e^{-a^2 n^2 t}$$

19.

$$u(x, t) = h_1 + \frac{(h_2 - h_1)x}{L} + \frac{2(h_2 - h_1)}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \sin \left(\frac{n\pi x}{L} \right) \exp \left(-\frac{a^2 n^2 \pi^2 t}{L^2} \right)$$

21.

$$u(x, t) = h_0 - \frac{4h_0}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1} \sin \left[\frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{L} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{(2n-1)^2 \pi^2 a^2 t}{L^2} \right]$$

23.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{3} - t - \frac{2}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cos(n\pi x) e^{-a^2 n^2 \pi^2 t}$$

25.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)^4} \sin [(2n-1)x] \left[1 - e^{-(2n-1)^2 t} \right]$$

27.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{A_0(L^2 - x^2)}{2\kappa} + \frac{A_0L}{h} - \frac{2L^2A_0}{\kappa} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\beta_n)}{\beta_n^4 [1 + \kappa \sin^2(\kappa)/hL]} \cos\left(\frac{\beta_n x}{L}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{a^2 \beta_n^2 t}{L^2}\right),$$

where β_n is the n th root of $\beta \tan(\beta) = \kappa/hL$.

29.

$$u(r, t) = \frac{2}{\pi r} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin(n\pi r) e^{-a^2 n^2 \pi^2 t}$$

31.

$$u(r, t) = \frac{G}{4\rho\nu} (b^2 - r^2) - \frac{2Gb^2}{\rho\nu} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{J_0(k_n r/b)}{k_n^3 J_1(k_n)} \exp\left(-\frac{\nu k_n^2 t}{b^2}\right),$$

where k_n is the n th root of $J_0(k) = 0$.

Section 8.4

1.

$$u(x, t) = T_0 (1 - e^{-a^2 t})$$

3.

$$u(x, t) = x + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \sin(n\pi x) e^{-n^2 \pi^2 t}$$

5.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{x(1-x)}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi^3} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin[(2m-1)\pi x]}{(2m-1)^3} e^{-(2m-1)^2 \pi^2 t}$$

7.

$$u(x, t) = x \operatorname{erfc}\left(\frac{x}{2\sqrt{t}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\frac{t}{\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{4t}\right)$$

9.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{u_0}{2} e^{-\delta x} \operatorname{erfc}\left(\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{t}} + \frac{a(1-\delta)\sqrt{t}}{2}\right) + \frac{u_0}{2} e^{-x} \operatorname{erfc}\left(\frac{x}{2a\sqrt{t}} - \frac{a(1-\delta)\sqrt{t}}{2}\right)$$

11.

$$\begin{aligned}
 u(x, t) = & \frac{t(L-x)}{L} + \frac{Px(x-L)}{2a^2} - \frac{x(x-L)(x-2L)}{6a^2L} \\
 & - \frac{2PL^2}{a^2\pi^3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^3} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{a^2n^2\pi^2t}{L^2}\right) \\
 & + \frac{2(P+1)L^2}{a^2\pi^3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{a^2n^2\pi^2t}{L^2}\right).
 \end{aligned}$$

13.

$$u(r, t) = \frac{r^2}{2} + 3t - \frac{3}{10} - \frac{2}{r} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\lambda_n r)}{\lambda_n^2 \sin(\lambda_n)} e^{-\lambda_n^2 t},$$

 where $\tan(\lambda_n) = \lambda_n$.

15.

$$y(t) = \frac{4\mu A\omega^2}{mL} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\lambda_n e^{\lambda_n t}}{\lambda_n^4 - \left(\frac{2\mu}{mL}\right)\left(1 + \frac{2\mu L}{m\nu}\right)\lambda_n^3 + 2\omega^2\lambda_n^2 + \frac{6\omega^2\mu}{mL}\lambda_n + \omega^4},$$

 where λ_n is the n th root of $\lambda^2 + 2\mu\lambda^{3/2} \coth(L\sqrt{\lambda/\nu})/(m\sqrt{\nu}) + \omega^2 = 0$.

17.

$$\begin{aligned}
 u(x, t) = & 1 - 2e^{Vx/2 - V^2t/4} \\
 & \times \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\lambda_n \{(V/2)\sin[\lambda_n(1-x)] + \lambda_n \cos[\lambda_n(1-x)]\} e^{-\lambda_n^2 t}}{(\lambda_n^2 + V^2/4)[\lambda_n \sin(\lambda_n) - (1 + V/2)\cos(\lambda_n)],}
 \end{aligned}$$

 where λ_n is the n th root of $\lambda \cot(\lambda) = -V/2$.

19.

$$u(r, t) = \frac{a^2 - r^2}{4} - 2a^2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{J_0(k_n r/a)}{k_n^3 J_1(k_n)} e^{-k_n^2 t/a^2},$$

 where k_n is the n th root of $J_0(k) = 0$.

Section 8.5

1.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{b-x}{\sqrt{4a^2t}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{b+x}{\sqrt{4a^2t}}\right)$$

3.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2}T_0 \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{b-x}{\sqrt{4a^2t}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}T_0 \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{4a^2t}} \right).$$

Section 8.6

1.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{4a^2\pi}{L^2} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} (2m-1) \sin \left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi x}{L} \right] e^{-a^2(2m-1)^2\pi^2 t/L^2} \\ \times \int_0^t f(\tau) e^{a^2(2m-1)^2\pi^2 \tau/L^2} d\tau$$

3.

$$u(x, t) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{x/\sqrt{4\nu t}}^{\infty} V \left(t - \frac{x^2}{4\nu\eta^2} \right) e^{-\eta^2} d\eta$$

Section 9.3

1.

$$u(x, y) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sinh[(2m-1)\pi(a-x)/b] \sin[(2m-1)\pi y/b]}{(2m-1) \sinh[(2m-1)\pi a/b]}.$$

3.

$$u(x, y) = -\frac{2a}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sinh(n\pi y/a) \sin(n\pi x/a)}{n \sinh(n\pi b/a)}$$

5.

$$u(x, y) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{\sinh[(2n-1)\pi y/2a] \cos[(2n-1)\pi x/2a]}{(2n-1) \sinh[(2n-1)\pi b/2a]}$$

7.

$$u(x, y) = 1$$

9.

$$u(x, y) = 1 - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cosh[(2m-1)\pi y/a] \sin[(2m-1)\pi x/a]}{(2m-1) \cosh[(2m-1)\pi b/a]}$$

11.

$$u(x, y) = 1$$

13.

$$u(x, y) = T_0 + \Delta T \cos(2\pi x/\lambda)e^{-2\pi y/\lambda}$$

15.

$$u(r, z) = 2a \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sinh(k_n z/a) J_0(k_n r/a)}{k_n^2 \cosh(k_n L/a) J_1(k_n)},$$

where k_n is the n th root of $J_0(k) = 0$.

17.

$$u(r, z) = \frac{2}{b^2 - a^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{[bJ_1(k_n b) - aJ_1(k_n a)]J_0(k_n r) \cosh(k_n z)}{k_n \cosh(k_n d) J_0^2(k_n)},$$

where k_n is the n th root of $J_1(k) = 0$.

19.

$$u(r, z) = -\frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n I_1(n\pi r) \sin(n\pi z)}{n I_1(n\pi a)}$$

21.

$$u(r, z) = 2B \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\exp[z(1 - \sqrt{1 + 4k_n^2})/2] J_0(k_n r)}{(k_n^2 + B^2) J_0(k_n)},$$

where k_n is the n th root of $k J_1(k) = B J_0(k)$.

23.

$$u(r, \theta) = 50 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} [P_{2m-2}(0) - P_{2m}(0)] \left(\frac{r}{a}\right)^{2m-1} P_{2m-1}[\cos(\theta)]$$

25. T_0

Section 9.4

1.

$$u(x, y) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1-x}{y} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{y} \right) \right]$$

3.

$$u(x, y) = \frac{T_0}{\pi} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{y} \right) \right]$$

5.

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, y) &= \frac{T_0}{\pi} \left[\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1-x}{y} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1+x}{y} \right) \right] \\ &+ \frac{T_1 - T_0}{2\pi} y \ln \left[\frac{(x-1)^2 + y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \right] \\ &+ \frac{T_1 - T_0}{\pi} x \left[\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1-x}{y} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{y} \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

Section 9.5

1.

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, y) &= \frac{64R}{\pi^4 T} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (-1)^{m+1}}{(2n-1)(2m-1)} \\ &\times \frac{\cos[(2n-1)\pi x/2a] \cos[(2m-1)\pi y/b]}{(2n-1)(2m-1)[(2n-1)^2/a^2 + (2m-1)^2/b^2]} \end{aligned}$$

Section 9.6

1.

$$u(x, y) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2m-1} \exp \left[-\frac{(2m-1)\pi x}{a} \right] \sin \left[\frac{(2m-1)\pi y}{a} \right]$$

Section 10.1

1. $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = -3\mathbf{i} + 19\mathbf{j} + 10\mathbf{k}$

3. $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{i} - 8\mathbf{j} + 7\mathbf{k}$

5. $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = -3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} - 5\mathbf{k}$

7.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a} \times (\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}) + \mathbf{b} \times (\mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{a}) + \mathbf{c} \times (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}) &= (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{c})\mathbf{b} - (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b})\mathbf{c} + (\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{a})\mathbf{c} \\ &- (\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c})\mathbf{a} + (\mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{b})\mathbf{a} - (\mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{a})\mathbf{b} \\ &= \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$$

9.

$$\nabla f = y \cos(yz)\mathbf{i} + [x \cos(yz) - xyz \sin(yz)]\mathbf{j} - xy^2 \sin(yz)\mathbf{k}$$

11.

$$\nabla f = 2xy^2(2z + 1)^2\mathbf{i} + 2x^2y(2z + 1)^2\mathbf{j} + 4x^2y^2(2z + 1)\mathbf{k}$$

13. Plane parallel to the xy plane at height of $z = 3$, $\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{k}$

15. Paraboloid,

$$\mathbf{n} = -\frac{2x}{\sqrt{1 + 4x^2 + 4y^2}}\mathbf{i} - \frac{2y}{\sqrt{1 + 4x^2 + 4y^2}}\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 4x^2 + 4y^2}}\mathbf{k}$$

17. A plane, $\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{j}/\sqrt{2} - \mathbf{k}/\sqrt{2}$ 19. A parabola of infinite extent along the y -axis, $\mathbf{n} = -2x\mathbf{i}/\sqrt{1 + 4x^2} + \mathbf{k}/\sqrt{1 + 4x^2}$ 21. $y = 2/(x + 1)$; $z = \exp[(y - 1)/y]$ 23. $y = x$; $z^2 = y/(3y - 2)$ **Section 10.2**

1.

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} &= 2xz + z^2 \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{F} &= (2xy - 2yz)\mathbf{i} + (x^2 - y^2)\mathbf{j} \\ \nabla(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}) &= 2z\mathbf{i} + (2x + 2z)\mathbf{k}\end{aligned}$$

3.

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} &= 2(x - y) - xe^{-xy} + xe^{2y} \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{F} &= 2xze^{2y}\mathbf{i} - ze^{2y}\mathbf{j} + [2(x - y) - ye^{-xy}]\mathbf{k} \\ \nabla(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}) &= (2 - e^{-xy} + xye^{-xy} + e^{2y})\mathbf{i} + (x^2e^{-xy} + 2xe^{2y} - 2)\mathbf{j}\end{aligned}$$

5.

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} &= 0 \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{F} &= -x^2\mathbf{i} + (5y - 9x^2)\mathbf{j} + (2xz - 5z)\mathbf{k} \\ \nabla(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}) &= \mathbf{0}\end{aligned}$$

7.

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} &= e^{-y} + z^2 - 3e^{-z} \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{F} &= -2yz\mathbf{i} + xe^{-y}\mathbf{k} \\ \nabla(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}) &= -e^{-y}\mathbf{j} + (2z + 3e^{-z})\mathbf{k}\end{aligned}$$

9.

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} &= yz + x^3ze^z + xye^z \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{F} &= (xe^z - x^3ye^z - x^3yze^z)\mathbf{i} + (xy - ye^z)\mathbf{j} + (3x^2yze^z - xz)\mathbf{k} \\ \nabla(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}) &= (3x^2ze^z + ye^z)\mathbf{i} + (z + xe^z)\mathbf{j} + (y + x^3e^z + x^3ze^z + xye^z)\mathbf{k}\end{aligned}$$

11.

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} &= y^2 + xz^2 - xysin(z) \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{F} &= [x \cos(z) - 2xyz]\mathbf{i} - y \cos(z)\mathbf{j} + (yz^2 - 2xy)\mathbf{k} \\ \nabla(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}) &= [z^2 - y \sin(z)]\mathbf{i} + [2y - x \sin(z)]\mathbf{j} + [2xz - xy \cos(z)]\mathbf{k}\end{aligned}$$

13.

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} &= y^2 + xz - xysin(z) \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{F} &= [x \cos(z) - xy]\mathbf{i} - y \cos(z)\mathbf{j} + (yz - 2xy)\mathbf{k} \\ \nabla(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}) &= [z - y \sin(z)]\mathbf{i} + [2y - x \sin(z)]\mathbf{j} + [x - xy \cos(z)]\mathbf{k}\end{aligned}$$

Section 10.3

1. $16/7 + 2/(3\pi)$ 3. $e^2 + 2e^8/3 + e^{64}/2 - 13/6$ 5. -4π

7. 0

9. 2π

Section 10.4

1. $\varphi(x, y, z) = x^2y + y^2z + 4z + \text{constant}$

3. $\varphi(x, y, z) = xyz + \text{constant}$

5. $\varphi(x, y, z) = x^2 \sin(y) + xe^{3z} + 4z + \text{constant}$

7. $\varphi(x, y, z) = xe^{2z} + y^3 + \text{constant}$

9. $\varphi(x, y, z) = xy + xz + \text{constant}$

Section 10.5

1. $1/2$ 3. 0 5. $27/2$
 7. 5 9. 0 11. $40/3$
 13. $86/3$ 15. 96π

Section 10.6

1. -5 3. 1 5. 0
 7. 0 9. -16π 11. -2

Section 10.7

1. -10 3. 2 5. π 7. $45/2$

Section 10.8

1. 3 3. -16 5. 4π 7. $5/12$

Section 11.1

1.

$$A + B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = B + A$$

3.

$$3A - 2B = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 10 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad 3(2A - B) = \begin{pmatrix} 15 & 21 \\ 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

5.

$$(A + B)^T = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad A^T + B^T = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

7.

$$AB = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & 11 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad A^T B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 8 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$BA = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 8 & 12 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B^T A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 8 \\ 5 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

9.

$$BB^T = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 8 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B^T B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

11.

$$A^3 + 2A = \begin{pmatrix} 65 & 100 \\ 25 & 40 \end{pmatrix}$$

13. yes $\begin{pmatrix} 27 & 11 \\ 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$

15. yes $\begin{pmatrix} 11 & 8 \\ 8 & 4 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

17. no

19.

$$5(2A) = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 10 \\ 10 & 20 \\ 30 & 10 \end{pmatrix} = 10A$$

21.

$$(A + B) + C = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 8 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = A + (B + C)$$

23.

$$A(B + C) = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & -1 \\ 11 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = AB + AC$$

25.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

27.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

29.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & -4 & -4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ -3 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

Section 11.2

1. 7

3. 1

5. -24

7. 3

Section 11.3

1. $x_1 = \frac{9}{5}, x_2 = \frac{3}{5}$

3. $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0, x_3 = -2$

Section 11.4

1. $x_2 = 2, x_1 = 1$

3. $x_3 = \alpha, x_2 = -\alpha, x_1 = \alpha$

5. $x_3 = \alpha, x_2 = 2\alpha, x_1 = -1$

7. $x_3 = 2.2, x_2 = 2.6, x_1 = 1$

9. $A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -1/13 & 5/13 \\ 2/13 & 3/13 \end{pmatrix}$

11. $A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$

Section 11.5

1.

$$\lambda = 4, \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}; \quad \lambda = -3 \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \beta \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

3.

$$\lambda = 1 \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \alpha \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \beta \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}; \quad \lambda = 0, \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \gamma \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

5.

$$\lambda = 1, \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \beta \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}; \quad \lambda = 2, \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \gamma \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

7.

$$\lambda = 0, \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}; \quad \lambda = 1, \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \beta \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}; \quad \lambda = 2, \quad \mathbf{x}_0 = \gamma \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Section 11.6

1.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t}.$$

3.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t}.$$

5.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{t/2} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} t \\ -1/2 - t \end{pmatrix} e^{t/2}.$$

7.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -1+t \\ -t \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}.$$

9.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -3 \cos(2t) - 2 \sin(2t) \\ \cos(2t) \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_4 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos(2t) - 3 \sin(2t) \\ \sin(2t) \end{pmatrix} e^t$$

11.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos(t) \\ 7 \cos(t) + \sin(t) \end{pmatrix} e^{-3t} + c_4 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \sin(t) \\ 7 \sin(t) - \cos(t) \end{pmatrix} e^{-3t}$$

13.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -\cos(2t) + \sin(2t) \\ \cos(2t) \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_4 \begin{pmatrix} -\cos(2t) - \sin(2t) \\ \sin(2t) \end{pmatrix} e^t$$

15.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t}$$

17.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}$$

19.

$$\mathbf{x} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}$$